RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA

(Residential Autonomous College affiliated to University of Calcutta)

B.A./B.Sc. SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION, MAY 2019

FIRST YEAR [BATCH 2018-21]

Paper : II

: 29/05/2019 Date Time : 11 am – 1 pm

Answer any five of the following questions :

ELECTRONICS (General)

Full Marks : 50

[5×10]

[2+2]

[2]

[3]

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1.	a)	What do y	you mean	by DC biasing of	transistor? Define	e load line and (Q-point.

- b) What is thermal runway? [2] Obtain the stability factors for collector-to-base bias transistor amplifier. [4] c)
- 2. a) Obtain expression for input and output impedance of a CE amplifier. [4]
 - b) If a full sinusoidal signal is applied at the input terminal of a class A, B, AB and C amplifier respectively, then draw the corresponding output wavefrom for each of the amplifier classes. [4]
 - Calculate the values of I_c , I_B and I_E for the given transistor circuit: c)



- Explain the concept of feedback in amplifiers. What do you mean by positive and negative 3. a) feedback? [2+2]
 - b) Differentiate between oscillator and amplifier.
 - The voltage gain of a transistor amplifier is 60. The input and output resistances of the amplifier c) are 1k Ω and 50k Ω respectively. If the amplifier is provided with 15% negative voltage feedback in series with the input, calculate the voltage gain and the input and output resistances. [3]

4.	a)) What is the Barkhausen criteria ?				
	b) State the working principle of a Wien-bridge oscillator. Obtain the condition for osc					
		expression for frequency of oscillation.	[3+3]			
	c)	Compare Hartlay and Colpitts oscillators.	[2]			
5.	a)	What is fan-in an propagation delay of an integrated circuit.	[2]			
	b)	State and explain the working principle of TTL NAND gate.	[4]			

Design and explain the working of a NOR gate based on NMOS and CMOS technology. [2+2]c)

- 6. a) Define and explain CMRR. State how CMRR can be improved for an OPAMP.
 - b) For the given circuit, with the given input signal (v_i) , determine the output waveform (v_o) . [3]

[3+1]



c) State the working of a zero-crossing voltage comparator designed with OPAMP. What should be the output, if a pure sinusoidal input voltage is applied at its input terminal? [2+1]

a)	Describe the internal structure of timer chip 555 with the help of a schematic diagram.Compare oscillator and multivibrator.					
b)						
c)	Design and explain the working of a mono-sta	nultivibrator based on IC 555.	[6]			
Write short notes on any four of the following :						
a)	Stability factors	b)	Fixed bias BJT circuit			
c)	Feedback topologies	d)	CMOS logic family			
e)	OPAMP characteristics	f)	OPAMP differentiator.			
	 a) b) c) Wr a) c) e) 	 a) Describe the internal structure of timer chip 5 b) Compare oscillator and multivibrator. c) Design and explain the working of a mono-state Write short notes on <u>any four</u> of the following : a) Stability factors c) Feedback topologies e) OPAMP characteristics 	 a) Describe the internal structure of timer chip 555 w b) Compare oscillator and multivibrator. c) Design and explain the working of a mono-stable r Write short notes on <u>any four</u> of the following : a) Stability factors b) c) Feedback topologies d) e) OPAMP characteristics f) 	 a) Describe the internal structure of timer chip 555 with the help of a schematic diagram. b) Compare oscillator and multivibrator. c) Design and explain the working of a mono-stable multivibrator based on IC 555. Write short notes on <u>any four</u> of the following : a) Stability factors b) Fixed bias BJT circuit c) Feedback topologies d) CMOS logic family e) OPAMP characteristics f) OPAMP differentiator. 		

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